

Preparation Date: 01/01/2019

Revision Date: N/A

Revision Number: N/A

1. IDENTIFICATION**Product identifier**

Product code: C1840
Product Name: ASCORBIC ACID, REAGENT, ACS

Other means of identification

Synonyms: 3-Keto-L-gulofuranolactone;
3-Oxo-L-gulofuranolactone;
Vitamin C
Ácido ascórbico (Spanish)
Acide ascorbique (French)

CAS #: 50-81-7
RTECS # CI7650000
CI#: Not available

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Antioxidant. Dietary supplement.
Uses advised against No information available

Supplier: **Dawn Scientific Inc**
121 Liberty Street, Metuchen, NJ, 08840
Tel : 732-902-6300 | Fax : 973-802-1005
sales@dawnscientific.com | www.dawnscientific.com

Emergency telephone number Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**Classification**

This chemical is not considered hazardous according to the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Not a dangerous substance or mixture according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS)

Label elements

Not classified

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not Applicable

Other hazards

Not available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS-No.	Weight %
Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7	100

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid measures

General Advice:	National Capital Poison Center in the United States can provide assistance if you have a poison emergency and need to talk to a poison specialist. Call 1-800-222-1222.
Skin Contact:	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Consult a physician if necessary.
Eye Contact:	Flush eyes with water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Inhalation:	Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician if necessary.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea May cause eye/skin irritation
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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician:	Treat symptomatically.
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Protection of first-aiders

First-Aid Providers: Avoid exposure to blood or body fluids. Wear gloves and other necessary protective clothing. Dispose of contaminated clothing and equipment as bio-hazardous waste.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Dry chemical. Water spray mist or foam.
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Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:	No information available.
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Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous Combustion Products:	Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide.
Specific hazards:	May be combustible at high temperatures.

Special Protective Actions for Firefighters

Specific Methods:

No information available.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**Personal Precautions:**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid dust formation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**Methods for containment**

Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading.

Methods for cleaning up

Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling**Technical Measures/Precautions:**

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Avoid dust formation. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Keep away from incompatible materials.

Safe Handling Advice

Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Avoid dust formation. Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**Technical Measures/Storage Conditions:**

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store at room temperature in the original container. Store away from incompatible materials. Sensitive to light. Store in light-resistant containers. Air sensitive. Oxygen sensitive.

Incompatible Materials:

Oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters**National occupational exposure limits****United States**

Components	CAS-No.	OSHA	NIOSH	ACGIH	AIHA WEEL
Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7	None	None	None	None

Canada

Components	CAS-No.	Canada - Alberta	Canada - British Columbia	Canada - Ontario	Canada - Quebec
Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7	None	None	None	None

Australia and Mexico

Components	CAS-No.	Australia	Mexico
Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7	None	None

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering measures to reduce exposure:

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye protection: Safety glasses with side-shields or Goggles

Skin and body protection: Chemical resistant apron
Long sleeved clothing
Gloves

Respiratory protection: Effective dust mask. Use a dust respirator under conditions where exposure to the substance is apparent (e.g. generation of high concentration of dust (dust clouds), inadequate ventilation, development of respiratory tract irritation), and engineering controls are not feasible. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

Hygiene measures: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: Solid	Appearance: Crystals. Crystalline powder. Powder. Granular.	Color: White. Slightly yellow.
Odor: Odorless.	Taste Acid. Sharp. Pleasant.	Formula: C ₆ H ₈ O ₆
Molecular/Formula weight (g/mole): 176.13	Flammability: No information available	Flashpoint (°C/°F): No information available.
Flash Point Tested according to: Not available	Autoignition Temperature (°C/°F): 660°C/1220°F	Lower Explosion Limit (%): No information available
Upper Explosion Limit (%): No information available	Melting point/range(°C/°F): 190.0°-192.0°C/374.0°-377.6°F (some decomposition)	Decomposition temperature(°C/°F): 190.0°-192.0°C/374.0°-377.6°F
Boiling point/range(°C/°F): No information available	Bulk density: No information available	Density (g/cm³): 1.65 @ 25 deg. C

Specific gravity:
1.65

pH:
No information available

Vapor pressure @ 20°C (kPa):
No information available

Evaporation rate:
No information available

Vapor density:
No information available

VOC content (g/L):
No information available

Odor threshold (ppm):
No information available

**Partition coefficient
(n-octanol/water):**
-1.64
-1.85
-2.15

Viscosity:
No information available

Miscibility:
No information available

Solubility:
Insoluble in diethyl ether
Insoluble in Chloroform
Insoluble in Benzene
Insoluble in Petroleum ether
Insoluble in oils
Insoluble in fats
Solubility in Alcohol: 2 g/mL @ 20°C
Solubility in Absolute Alcohol: 1g/50ml
Solubility in Glycerol: 1g/2.5ml
Solubility in Propylene Glycol: 1g/20mL
Soluble in Water
Solubility in Water: 1g/3ml, 80% @
100°C; 45% @ 45°C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactive with oxidizing agents

Chemical stability

Stability: Sensitive to air. Sensitive to light. Exposure to light accelerates decomposition. Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization does not occur

Conditions to avoid: Heat. Avoid dust formation. Incompatible materials. Exposure to light. Exposure to air.

Incompatible Materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides.

Other Information

Corrosivity: No information available

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: No information available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Principal Routes of Exposure:

Ingestion. Inhalation.

Acute Toxicity

Component Information

Ascorbic Acid	
CAS-No.	50-81-7

LD50/oral/rat = 11900 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
LD50/oral/mouse = 3367 mg/kg
LD50/dermal/rabbit = No information available
LD50/dermal/rat = No information available
LC50/inhalation/rat = No information available
LC50/inhalation/mouse = No information available
Other LD50 or LC50 information = 643 mg/kg, intraperitoneal, mouse;
518 mg/kg, intravenous, mouse;
>10 g/kg, subcutaneous, rat

Product Information

LD50/oral/rat =
VALUE- Acute Tox Oral = 11900 mg/kg

LD50/oral/mouse =
Value - Acute Tox Oral = 3367 mg/kg

LD50/dermal/rabbit
VALUE-Acute Tox Dermal = No information available

LD50/dermal/rat
VALUE -Acute Tox Dermal = No information available

LC50/inhalation/rat
VALUE-Vapor = No information available
VALUE-Gas = No information available
VALUE-Dust/Mist = No information available

LC50/Inhalation/mouse
VALUE-Vapor = No information available
VALUE - Gas = No information available
VALUE - Dust/Mist = No information available

Symptoms

Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Inhalation May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Ingestion Ingestion of small amounts during normal industrial handling is a low hazard. Ingestion of large amounts may cause flushing of face, gastrointestinal tract irritation, abdominal cramps, heartburn, nausea, vomiting, hypermotility, diarrhea, acidosis, acidification of the urine which may cause kidney stones in the urinary tract and may cause renal failure . May also affect behavior (decreased reaction time and psychomotor coordination, somnolence, headache, fatigue, disturbed sleep, muscle contraction or spasticity), liver.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Chronic Toxicity Prolonged or repeated ingestion of high amounts may cause gastrointestinal tract irritation, abdominal cramps, heartburn, nausea, vomiting, hypermotility, diarrhea. It may also affect the liver, urinary system (formation of kidney stones due to acidification of the urine, acute renal failure), blood (changes in serum composition, changes in red blood cell count).

Sensitization: No information available.

Mutagenic Effects: Mutations in microorganisms
Experiments with bacteria and/or yeast have shown mutagenic effects
Cytogenic analysis - hamster ovary
Sister Chromatid Exchange - Hamster ovary

Carcinogenic effects: Not considered carcinogenic.

Components	CAS-No.	IARC	ACGIH - Carcinogens	NTP	OSHA HCS - Carcinogens	Australia - Notifiable Carcinogenic Substances	Australia - Prohibited Carcinogenic Substances
Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

NTP (National Toxicology Program)

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

Reproductive toxicity No data is available

Reproductive Effects: In animal studies, high doses of Ascorbic acid showed no adult toxic or fetotoxic effects and was not teratogenic. Excessive intake of ascorbic acid during pregnancy has been associated in guinea pigs with increased catabolism (breakdown) of the vitamin. A human parallel to this observation was seen in 2 reported human cases of infantile scurvy. Ascorbic acid is passively transferred across the placenta. Ascorbic acid is excreted into human milk in varying amounts.

Developmental Effects: No information available

Teratogenic Effects: No information available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Target Organs: Kidneys. Blood.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity effects: No data available.

Persistence and degradability: No information available

Bioaccumulative potential: No information available.

Mobility: No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

Waste from residues / unused products:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State and Local regulation.

Contaminated packaging:

Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal

Components	CAS-No.	RCRA - F Series Wastes	RCRA - K Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7	None	None	None	None

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN-No: Not Regulated
Proper Shipping Name: No information available
Hazard Class: No information available
Subsidiary Class No information available
Packing group: No information available
Emergency Response Guide Number No information available
Marine Pollutant No data available
DOT RQ (lbs): No information available
Special Provisions No Information available
Symbol(s): No information available
Description: No information available

TDG (Canada)

UN-No: Not Regulated
Proper Shipping Name: No information available
Hazard Class: No information available
Subsidiary Risk: No information available
Packing Group: No information available
Marine Pollutant No Information available
Description: No information available

ADR

UN-No: Not Regulated
Proper Shipping Name: No information available
Hazard Class: No information available
Packing Group: No information available
Subsidiary Risk: No information available

IMO / IMDG

UN-No: Not Regulated
Proper Shipping Name: No information available
Hazard Class: No information available
Subsidiary Risk: No information available
Packing Group: No information available

Marine Pollutant No information available

RID

UN-No: Not Regulated
Proper Shipping Name: No information available
Hazard Class: No information available
Subsidiary Risk: No information available
Packing Group: No information available

ICAO

UN-No: Not Regulated
Proper Shipping Name: No information available
Hazard Class: No information available
Subsidiary Risk: No information available
Packing Group: No information available

IATA

UN-No: Not Regulated
Proper Shipping Name: No information available
Hazard Class: No information available
Subsidiary Risk: No information available
Packing Group: No information available
ERG Code: No information available
Special Provisions No information available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Components	CAS-No.	U.S. TSCA	KOREA KECL	Philippines (PICCS)	Japan ENCS	CHINA	Australia (AICS)	EINECS-No.
Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7	PresentACTIVE	Present KE-01947	Present	Present (5)-62	Present [34899]	Present	Present 200-066-2

U.S. Regulations

Ascorbic Acid

FDA - Food Additives Generally Recognized as Safe (GRAS): 21 CFR 182.3013, 21 CFR 182.8013

FDA - 21 CFR - Total Food Additives 101.14, 101.9, 107.100, 137.105, 137.200, 145.110, 145.115, 145.135, 145.170, 146.185, 146.187, 150.141, 150.161, 155.200, 155.201, 161.175, 172.280, 182.3013, 182.8013

California Prop. 65: Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986.

Chemicals Known to the State of California to Cause Cancer:

This product does not contain a chemical requiring a warning under California Prop. 65. (See table below)

Chemicals Known to the State of California to Cause Reproductive Toxicity:

This product does not contain a chemical requiring a warning under California Prop. 65. (See table below)

Components	CAS-No.	Carcinogen	Developmental Toxicity	Male Reproductive Toxicity	Female Reproductive Toxicity:
Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

CERCLA/SARA

Components	CAS-No.	CERCLA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities	Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs	Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and RQs	Section 313 - Chemical Category	Section 313 - Reporting de minimis

Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7	None	None	None	None	None
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U.S. TSCA

Components	CAS-No.	TSCA Section 5(a)2 - Chemicals With Significant New Use Rules (SNURS)	TSCA 8(d) -Health and Safety Reporting
Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Canada

WHMIS 2015 - GHS Classifications

WHMIS 2015 Hazard Classification Information:

Component
Ascorbic Acid
50-81-7 (100)

WHMIS 2015 Hazard Classification
Combustible Dust - Category 1: May form combustible dust concentrations in air (factors such as combustibility and explosiveness of dusts including composition and shape and size of particles could cause substance to belong to 'Combustible dust' hazard class)

Canada Hazardous Products Regulation This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the HPR (Hazardous Products Regulation) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the HPR

WHMIS 1988 Hazard Class

Non-controlled

Components

Ascorbic Acid

WHMIS 1988

Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

Canada Controlled Products Regulation:

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR (Controlled Products Regulation) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

Inventory

Components	CAS-No.	Canada (DSL)	Canada (NDSL)
Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7	Present	Not Listed

Components	CAS-No.	CEPA Schedule I - Toxic Substances
Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7	Not listed
Components	CAS-No.	CEPA - 2010 Greenhouse Gases Subject to Mandatory Reporting
Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7	Not listed

EU Classification

EU GHS - SV - CLP 1272/2008

Components	CAS-No.	EU GHS - SV - CLP (1272/2008)
Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7	No information

EU - CLP (1272/2008)

R-phrase(s)

not determined (not applicable)

S -phrase(s)

none

Components	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration Limits:	Safety Phrases
Ascorbic Acid	50-81-7		No information	

The product is classified in accordance with Annex VI to Directive 67/548/EEC

Indication of danger:
None.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Preparation Date: 01/01/2019
Revision Date: N/A
Prepared by: -

Disclaimer: All chemicals may pose unknown hazards and should be used with caution. This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) applies only to the material as packaged. If this product is combined with other materials, deteriorates, or becomes contaminated, it may pose hazards not mentioned in this SDS. The physical properties reported in this SDS are obtained from the literature and do not constitute product specifications. Information contained herein does not constitute a warranty, whether expressed or implied, as to the safety, merchantability or fitness of the goods for a particular purpose. Dawn Scientific Inc Chemicals & Laboratory Products. assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of these data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied. It shall be the user's responsibility to develop proper methods of handling and personal protection based on the actual conditions of use. While this SDS is based on technical data judged to be reliable, Dawn Scientific Inc assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of the information contained herein.

End of Safety Data Sheet